

Upgraded and new capabilities for solution SAXS

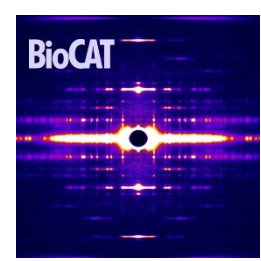
Jan. 10, 2025

Max Watkins

IIT/CSRRI

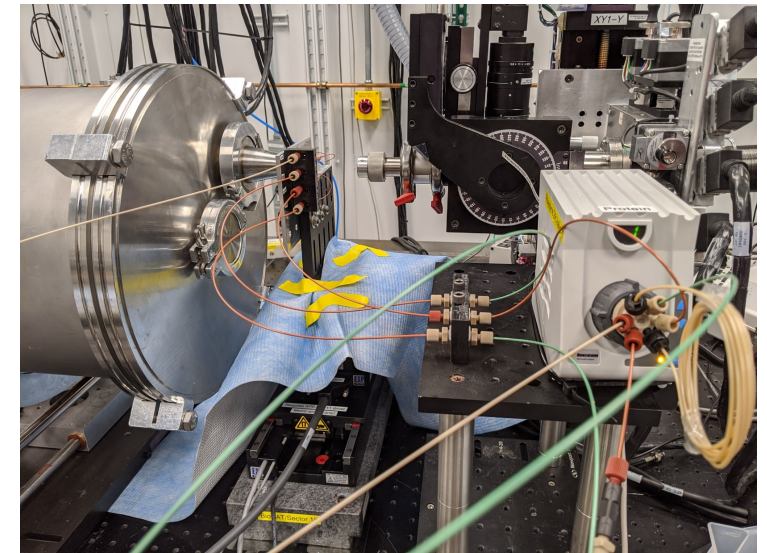
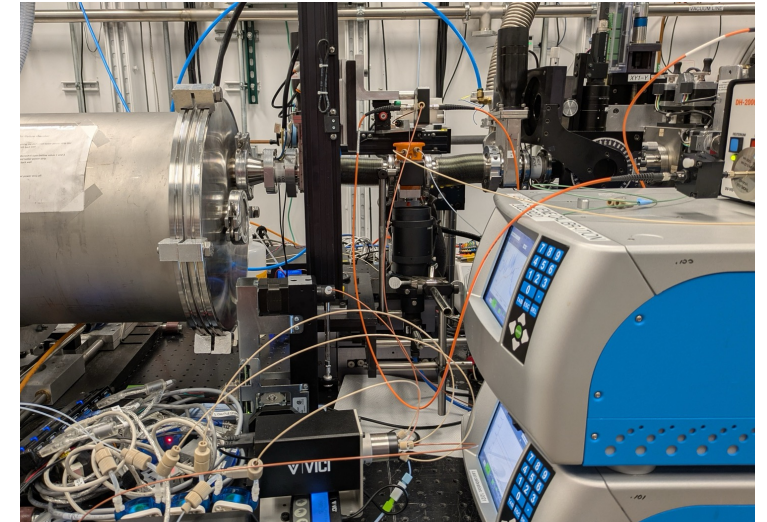
Staff Scientist, BioCAT

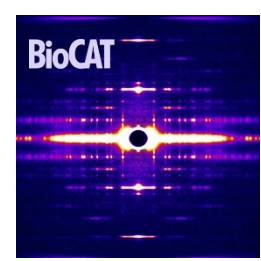
Sector 18, Advanced Photon Source



Overview of solution SAXS capabilities

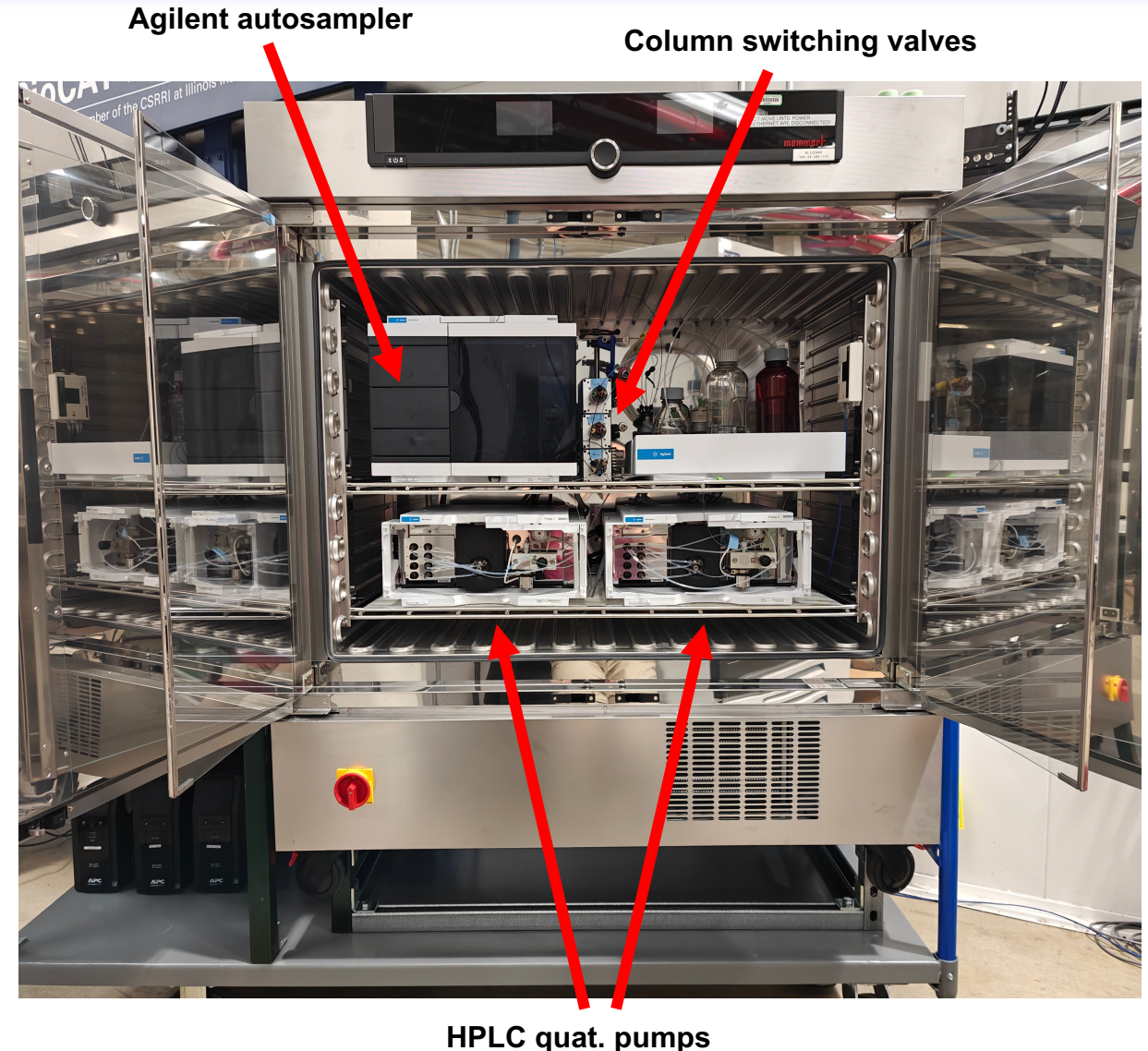
- BioCAT supports both equilibrium and time-resolved SAXS experiments
- Equilibrium SAXS
 - Chromatography-coupled
 - Size-exclusion chromatography, with a wide range of columns available
 - Ion exchange (IEX) also available (columns available)
 - Asymmetric field flow field fractionation (AF4)-coupled
 - Column-free, tunable separation (range of channels/membranes available)
 - MALS, DLS, dRI and full-spectrum UV-Vis available for all separation-based modes
 - Full temperature control from ~ 4 -40 degrees for chromatography and batch
 - Low-volume batch mode also available (with UV-Vis)
 - Typical q -range ~ 0.0027 - 0.45 \AA^{-1}
- Time-resolved SAXS
 - Microfluidic mixtures support time ranges from $\sim 45 \mu\text{s}$ to $\sim 1.5 \text{ s}$
 - Typical q -range ~ 0.01 - 0.65 \AA^{-1}

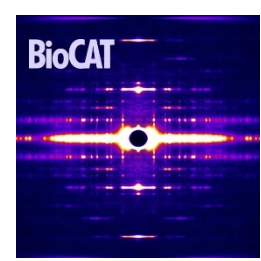




New capabilities for SEC-MALS-SAXS

- Old systems (AKTA Pure for SEC/IEX-SAXS, 2x Agilent 1260's for SEC-MALS-SAXS) have been retired from routine use
- All chromatography-coupled experiments going forward will use a new, custom, fully temperature-controlled HPLC system
 - Bio-Inert Agilent 1260 Infinity II Pumps and autosampler, custom plumbed with HPLC valves
 - Support for automated buffer and column switching (2 columns, 10 buffers/column)
 - Simultaneous running and equilibration on the same system, with single-button flow path switching
 - Full system temperature control from 4-40 degrees C (entire system housed in Memmert incubator)
- HPLC control fully integrated into BioCon beamline control software (no need for users to interface with Agilent software)

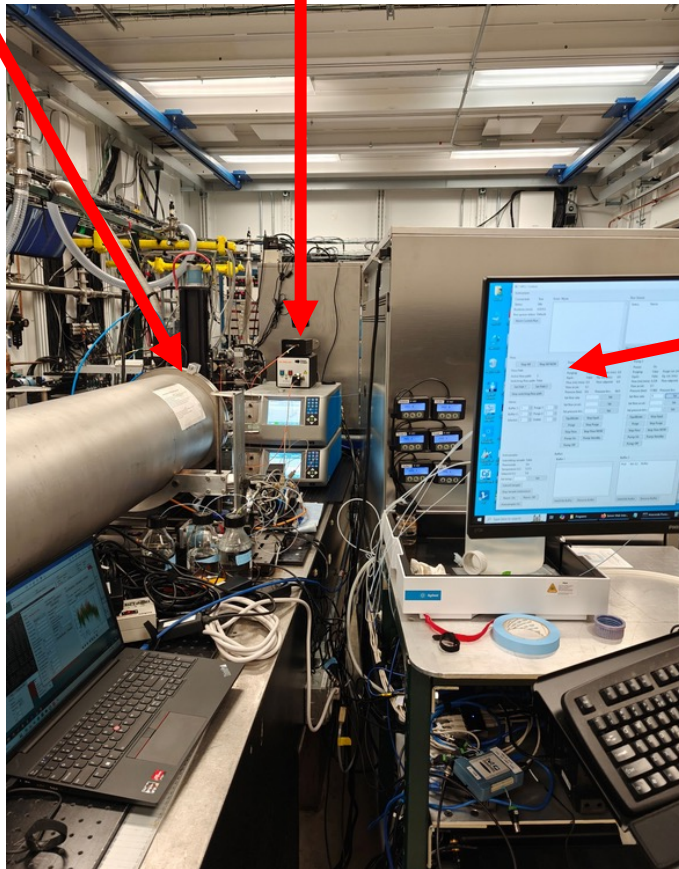




SEC-MALS-SAXS at the beamline

MALS, RI & UV-Vis detectors

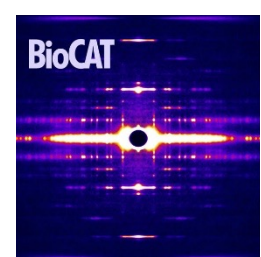
Sample cell



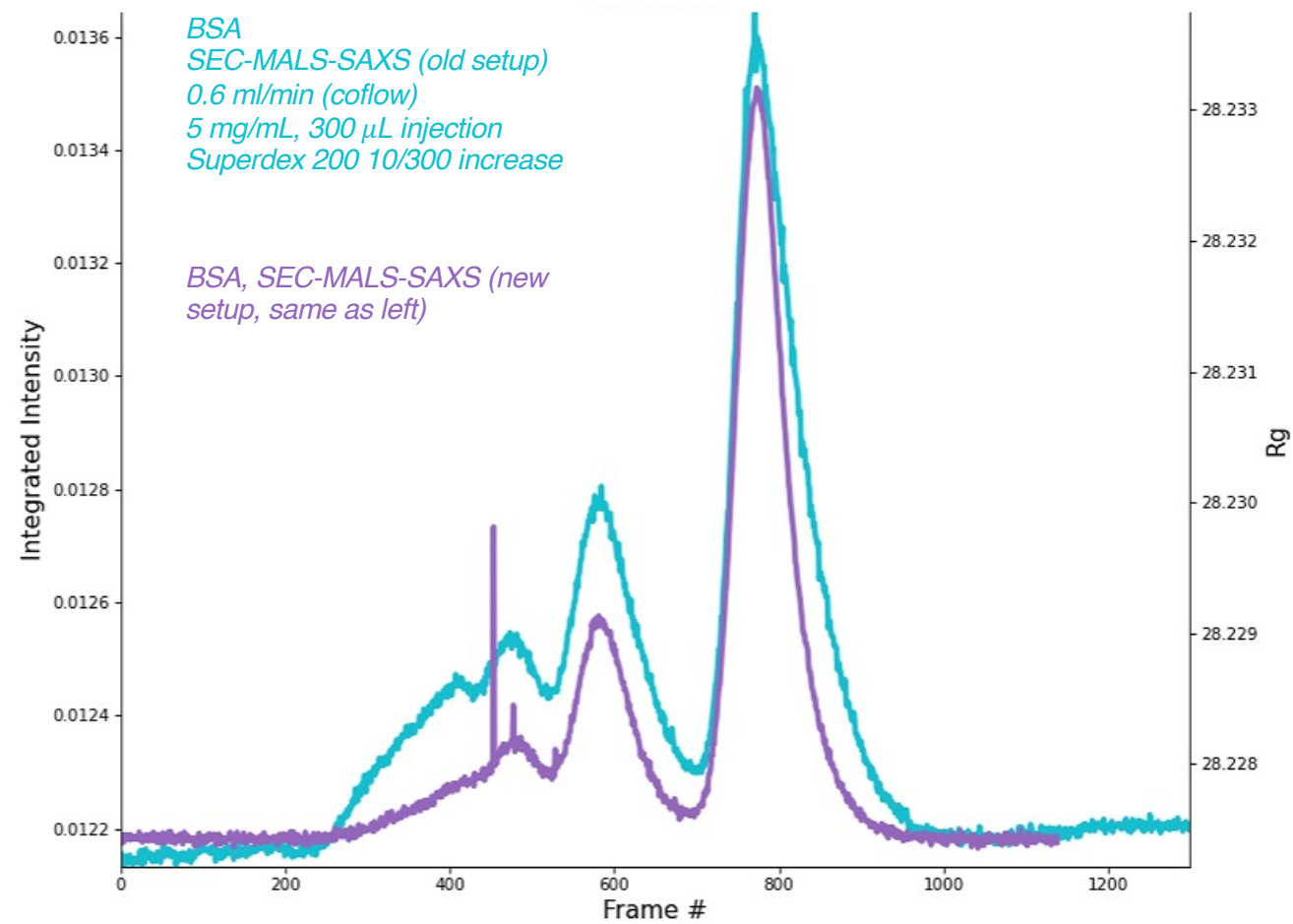
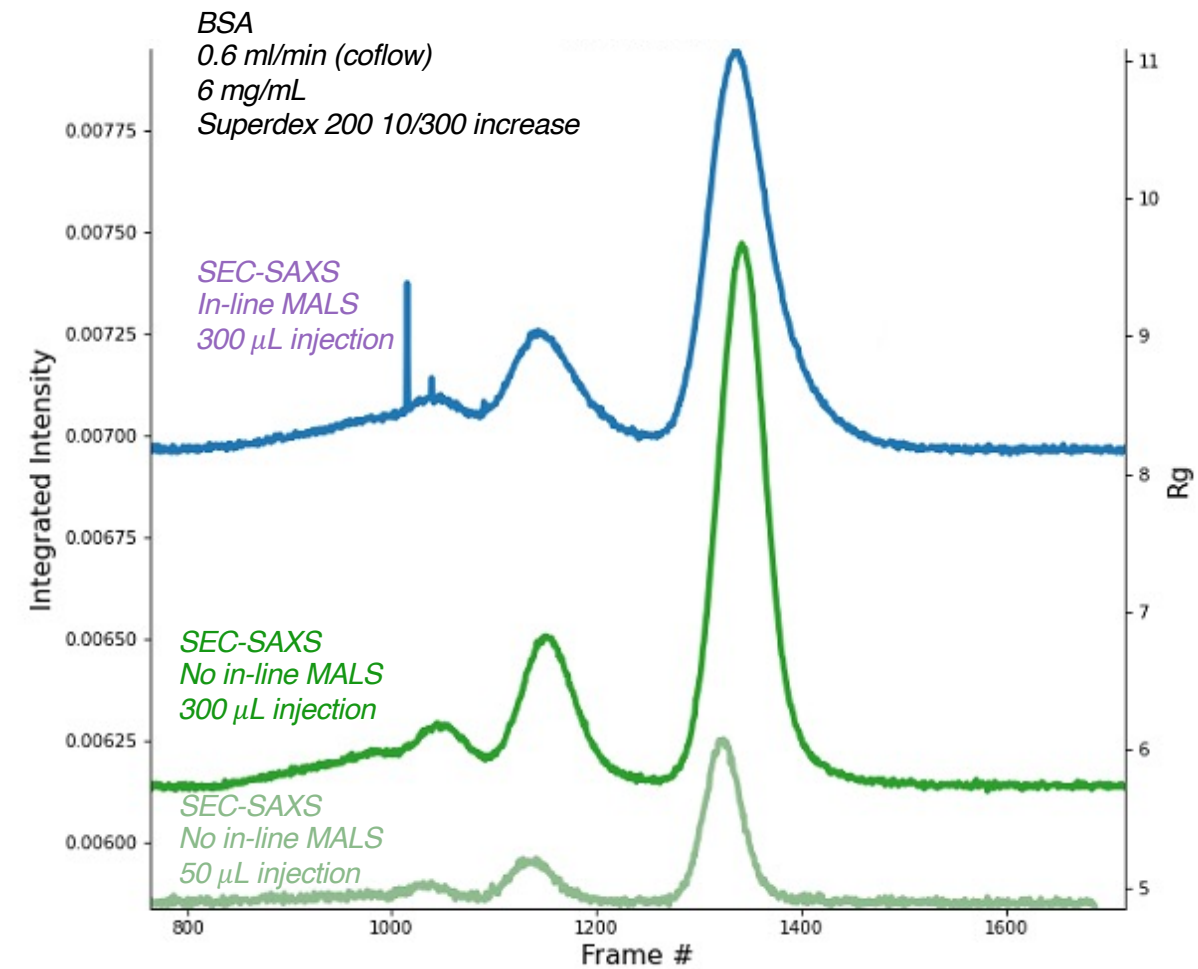
SEC instrument

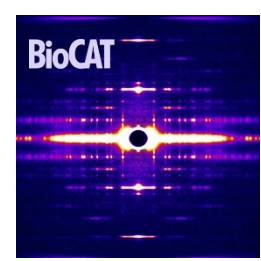


Coflow fluidics



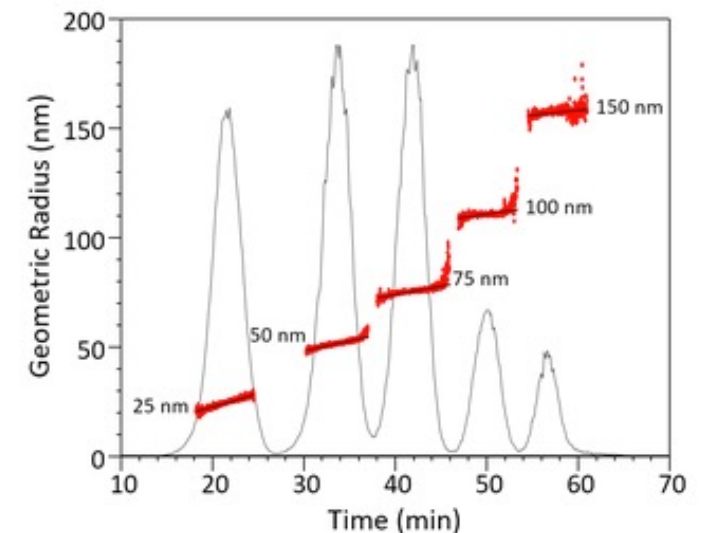
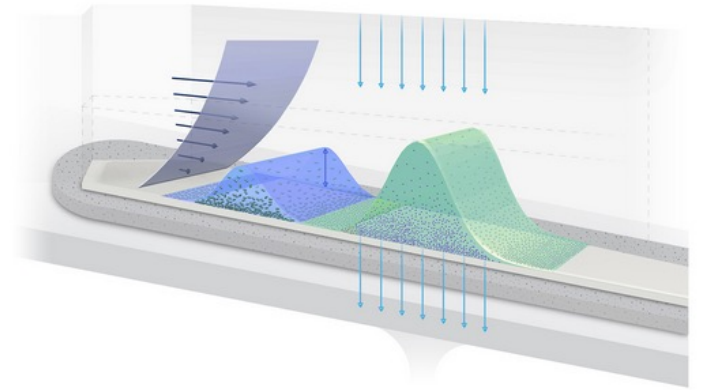
SEC mode SAXS data

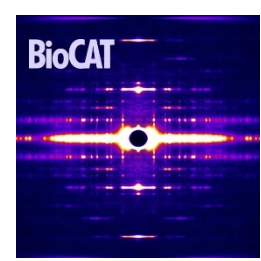




New capability: AF4-MALS-SAXS

- Asymmetric Field Flow Fractionation (AF4) is a column-free separation technique that relies on a parabolic flow profile and diffusion to separate molecules by size
 - No stationary phase, molecules do not experience shear
- Primary expected use cases are systems not amenable to column separation
 - Lipid nanoparticles (LNP's) are of particular interest, as they tend to fall apart on an SEC column.
 - Likely also useful for weak macromolecular complexes or systems with problematic column interactions
- Routinely available, but separation methods may require advance optimization



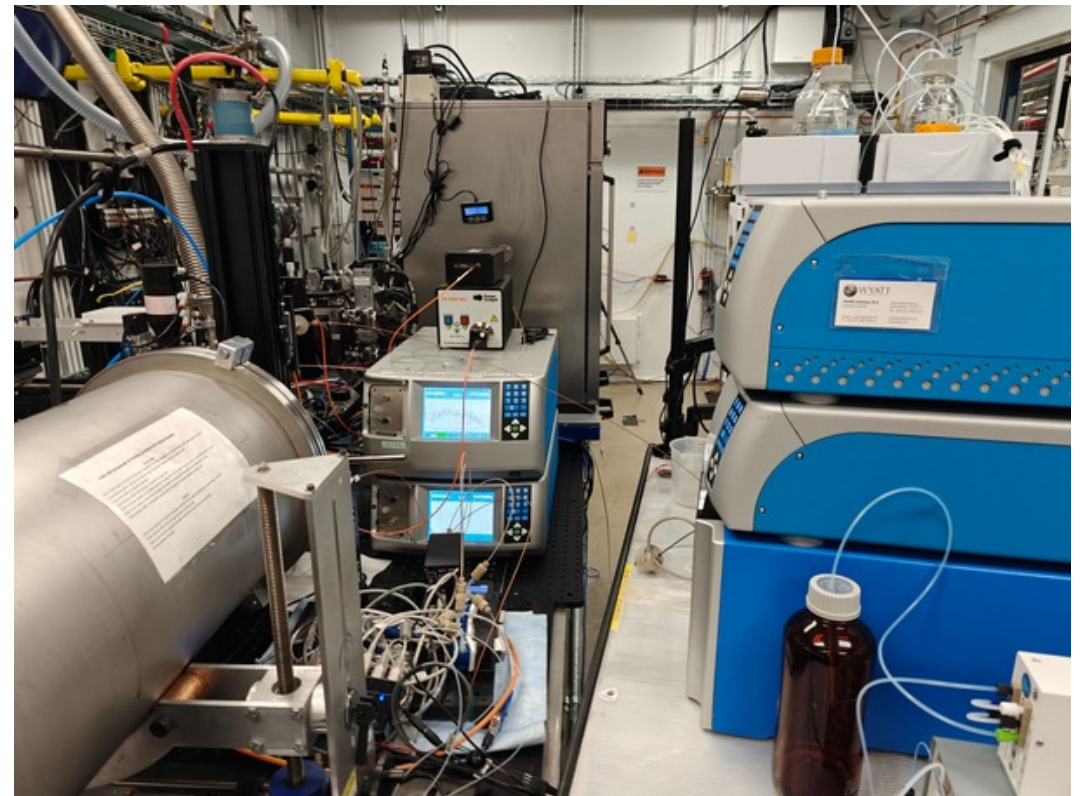


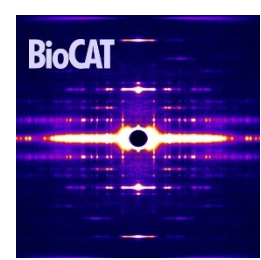
New capability: AF4-MALS-SAXS

Wyatt Eclipse integrated into HPLC-SEC-MALS stack



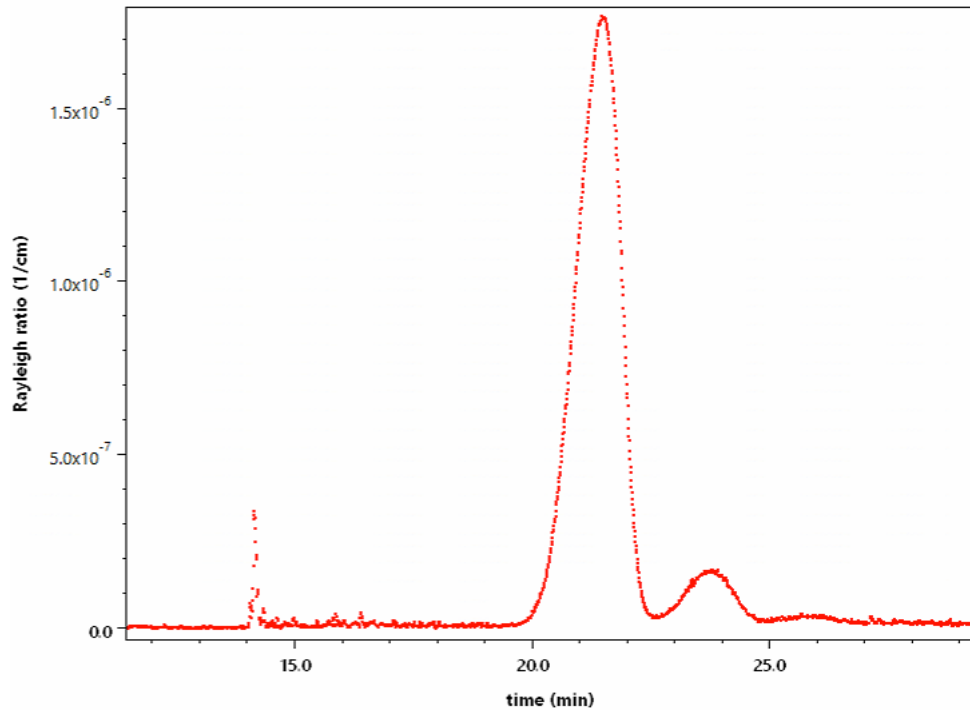
Wyatt Eclipse





New capability: FFF-MALS-SAXS

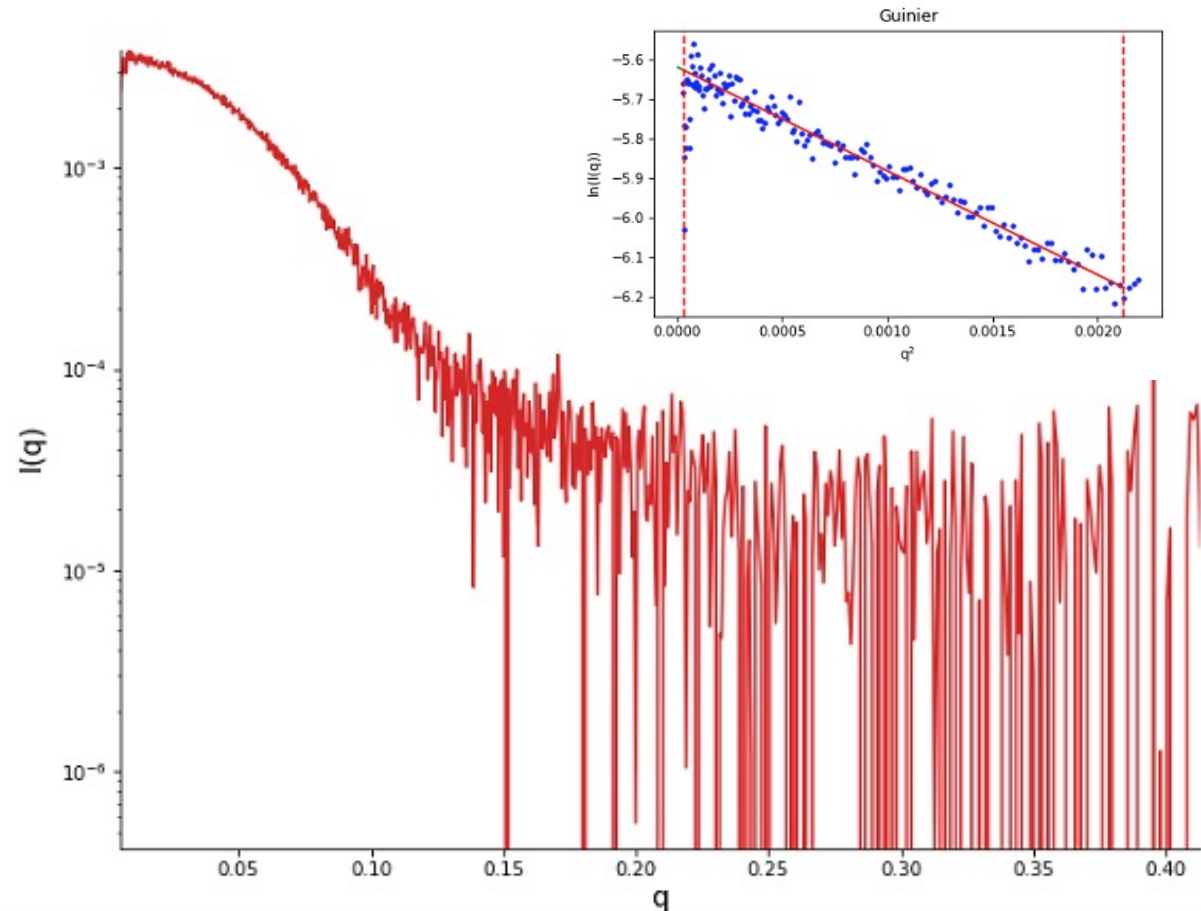
BSA
Custom method, detectors/SAXS cell flow 0.4 ml/min (coflow)
6 mg/mL, 300 μ L injection
Wyatt short channel (variable), 400 μ m spacer
Regenerated Cellulose, 10 kDa MWCO
Dilution control module (DCM) 2.5x

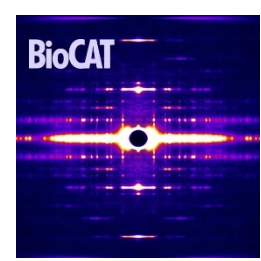


Note elution is reverse-phase with respect to SEC

Separated BSA monomer

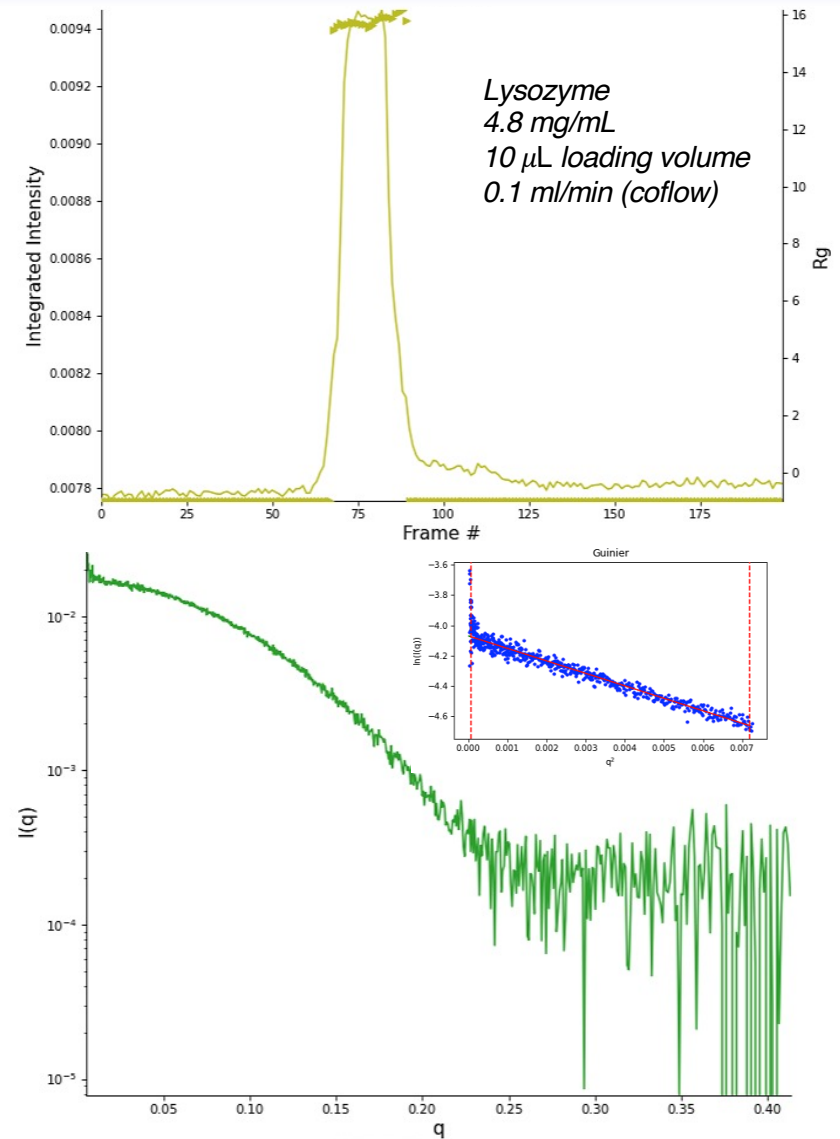
Resolution at SAXS cell still being optimized, but data quality is good

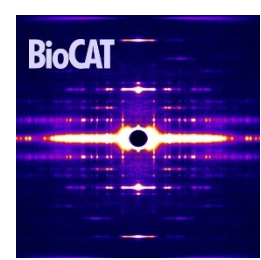




New capabilities for batch mode SAXS

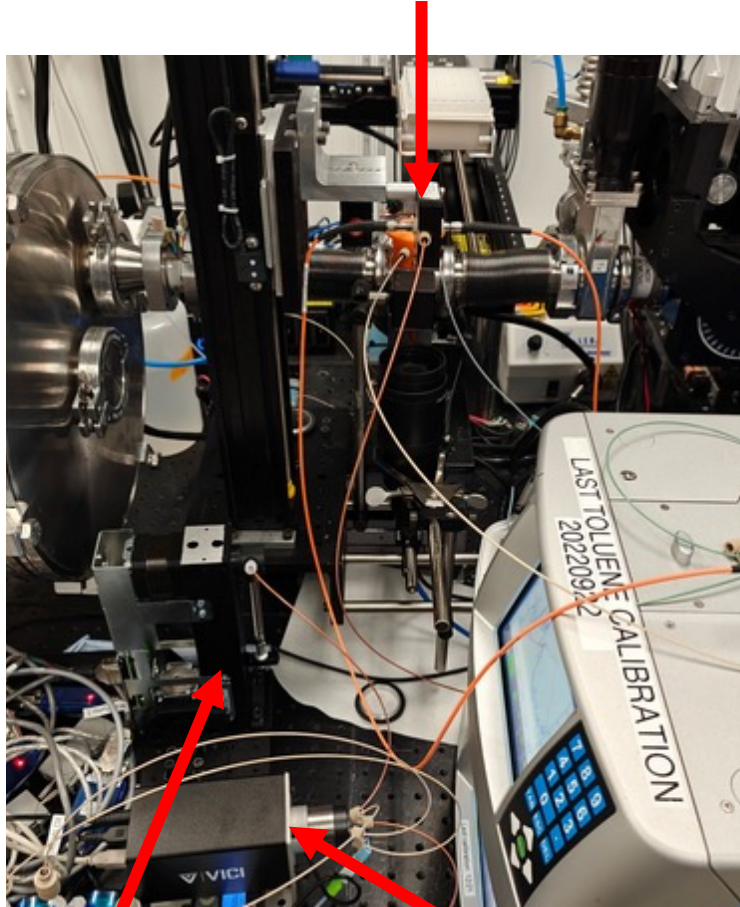
- Prior to APS-U, batch mode SAXS was manual injection
- Batch mode has been overhauled, now automatable via direct needle injection from a 96- or 384-well plate
 - Temperature control for plate and sample cell from 4-40 degrees C (or potentially higher)
 - Direct coflow needle injection allows for good data from volumes as low as 10 μL
 - A sample can be run in ~ 3 minutes (including needle cleaning) – full 96-well plate in under 5 hours





Batch SAXS at the beamline

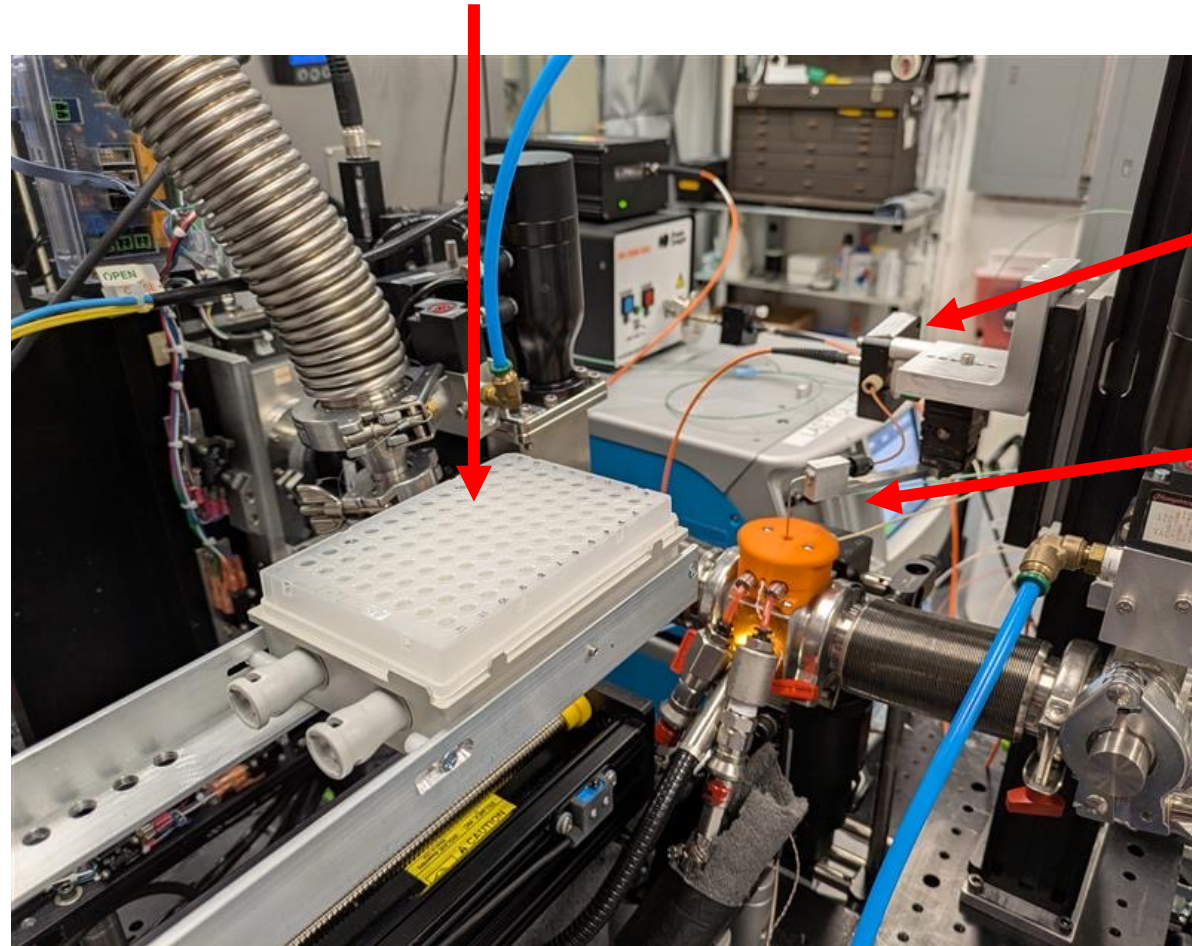
Coflow needle (injection position), on Z-axis linear stage



High precision syringe pump

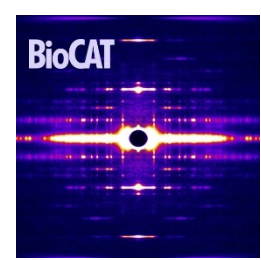
Valve (for needle cleaning/injection switching)

96-well sample plate (with cooler, on X/Y axis linear stages)



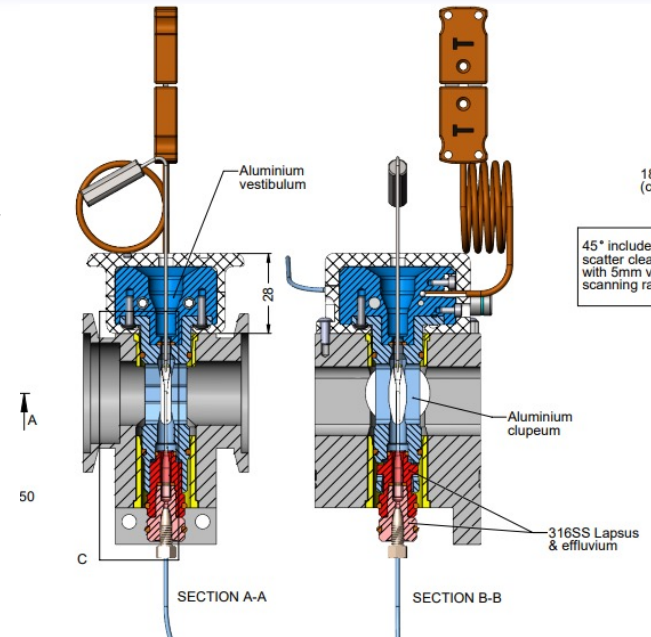
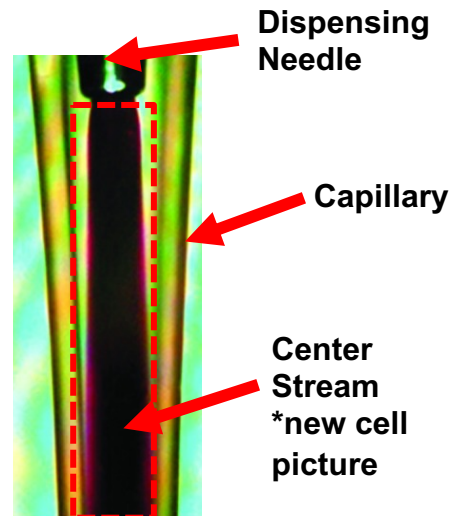
UV cell
(measurement available before injection)

Coflow needle
(injection position),
on Z-axis motor

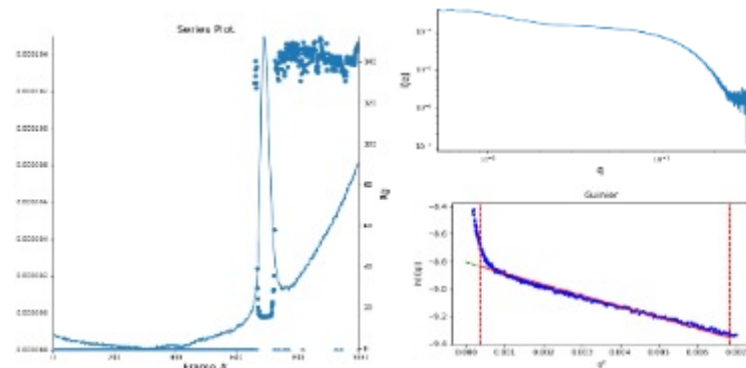


Updates to other equilibrium systems

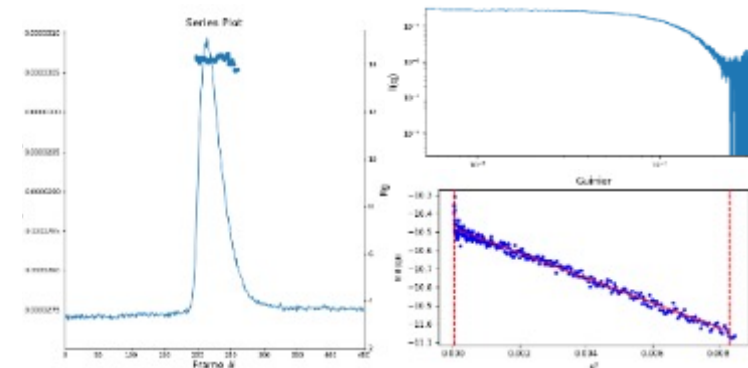
- Coflow cell and plumbing have been upgraded for increased flow stability and temperature control
- New cell design, with improved temperature control (recirculating coolant and active temperature feedback via integrated thermocouple)
- Inlet plumbing housed in similar incubator to SEC system (improved temperature control)

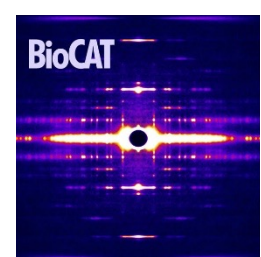


No Co-Flow



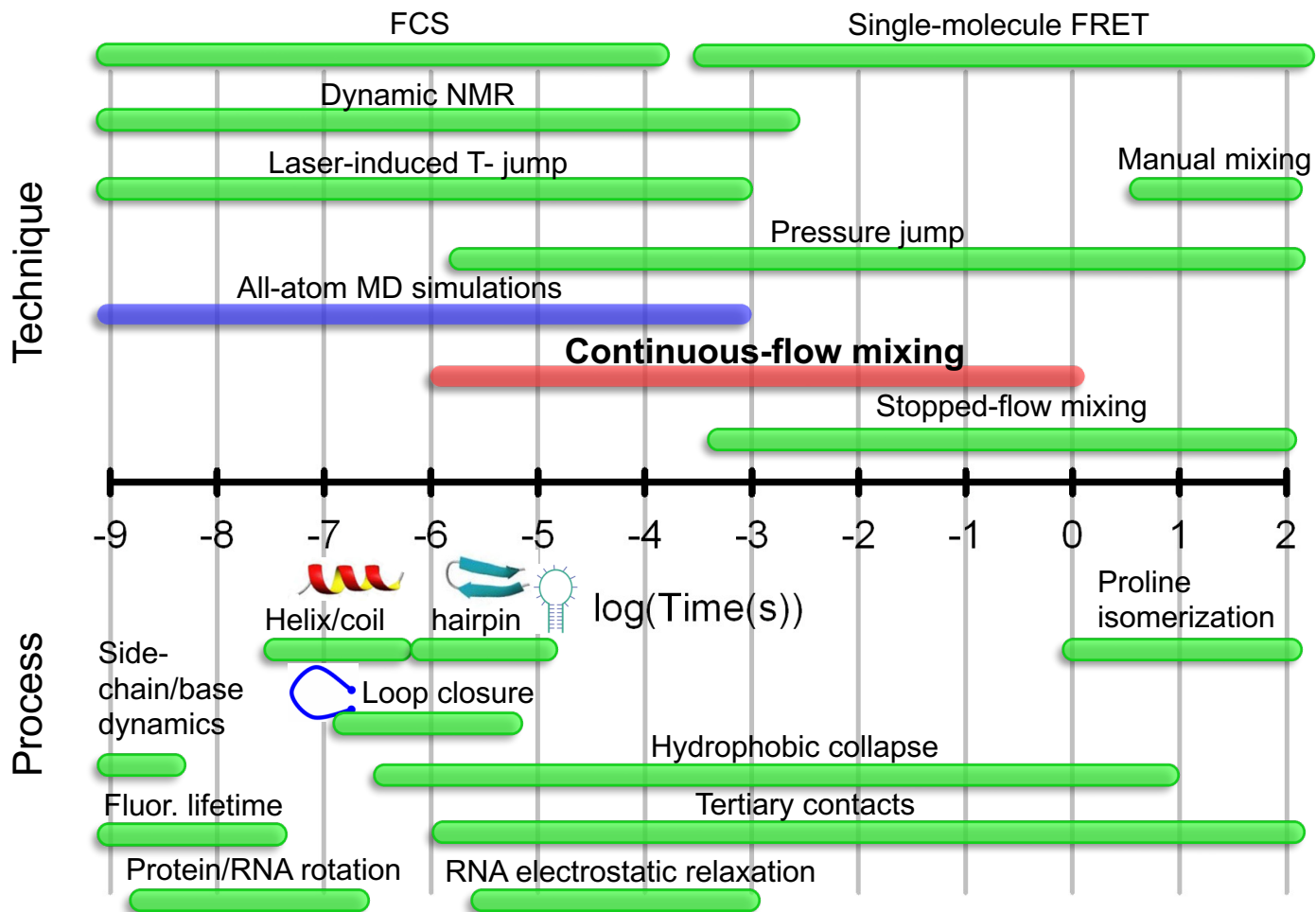
With Co-Flow

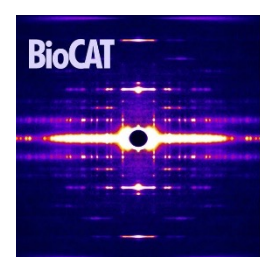




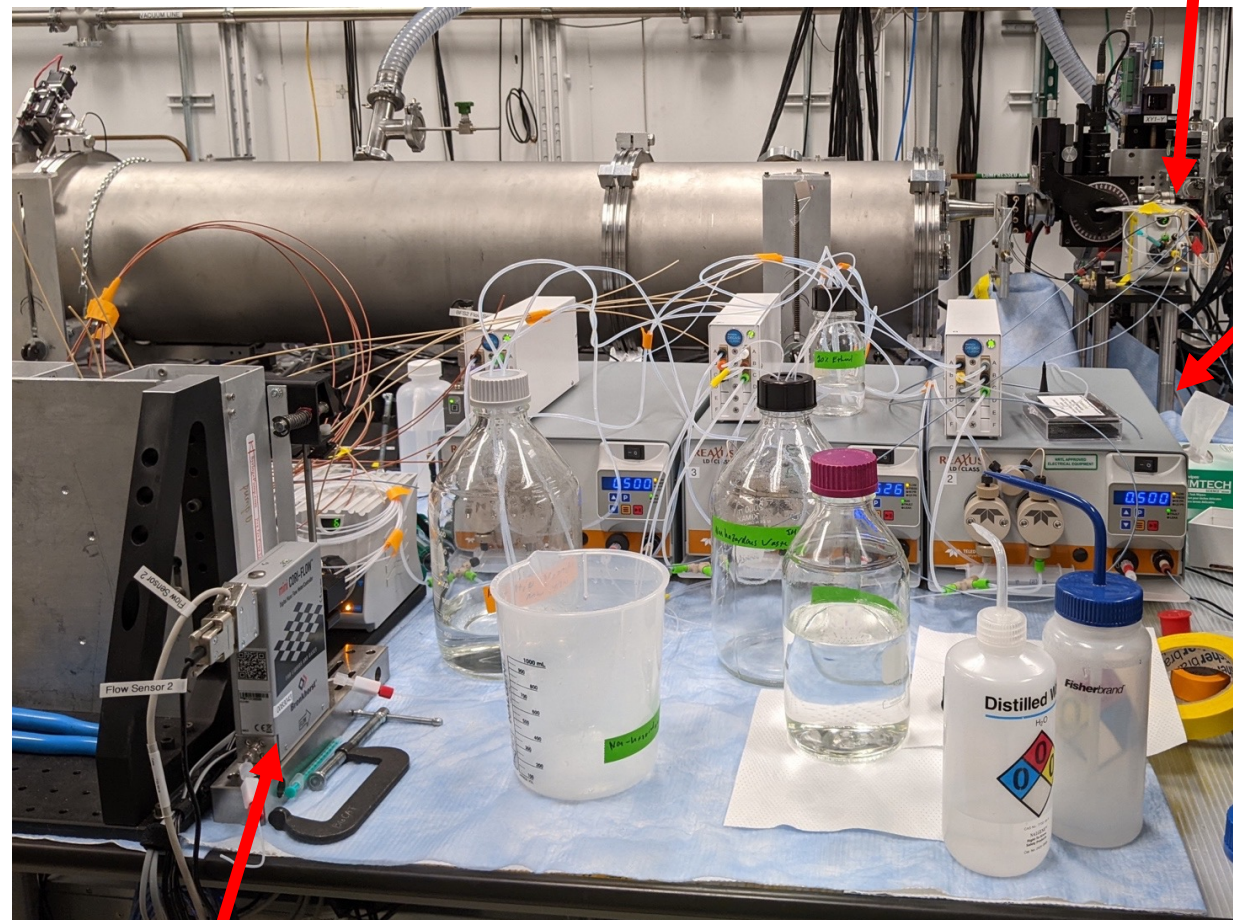
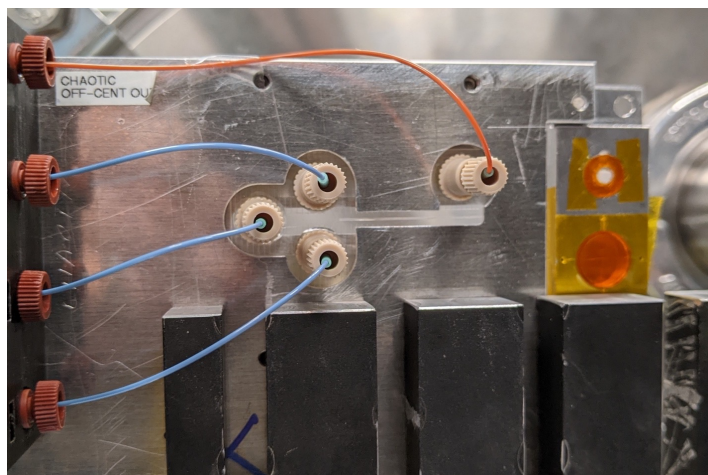
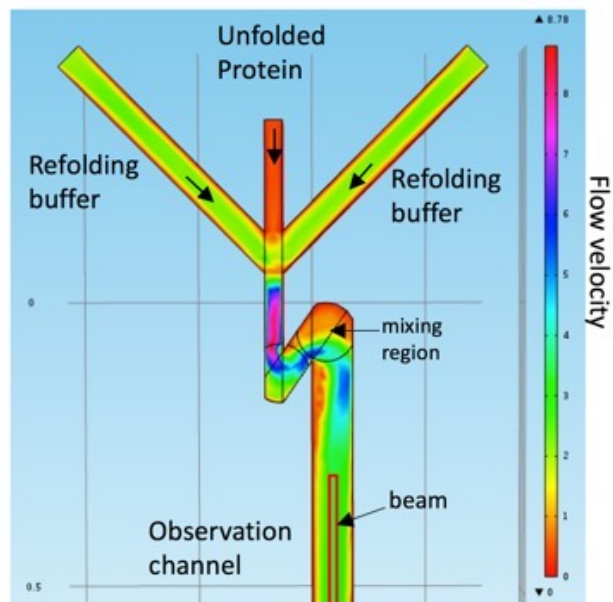
Time-resolved SAXS

- Capabilities currently similar to pre-APS-U
 - 2 main continuous flow mixers: Chaotic flow mixer for time ranges from ~ 50 - $7500 \mu\text{s}$ and laminar flow mixers for time ranges ~ 1 to 1500 ms
 - Development of in-vacuum sample cell (this year), expected to substantially improve S/N
 - New optics (expected early 2026) combined with APS-U expected to significantly expand capabilities (lower q , faster minimum times) due to improved microbeam size/shape
- Dedicated RAW GUI currently in development, expected to significantly streamline data processing and analysis
- Time-resolved program is open to general users
 - Experiments often done in close collaboration with BioCAT staff





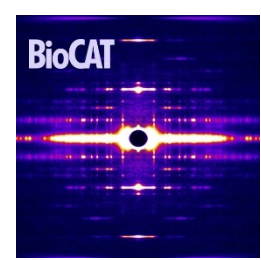
TR-SAXS: chaotic mixer



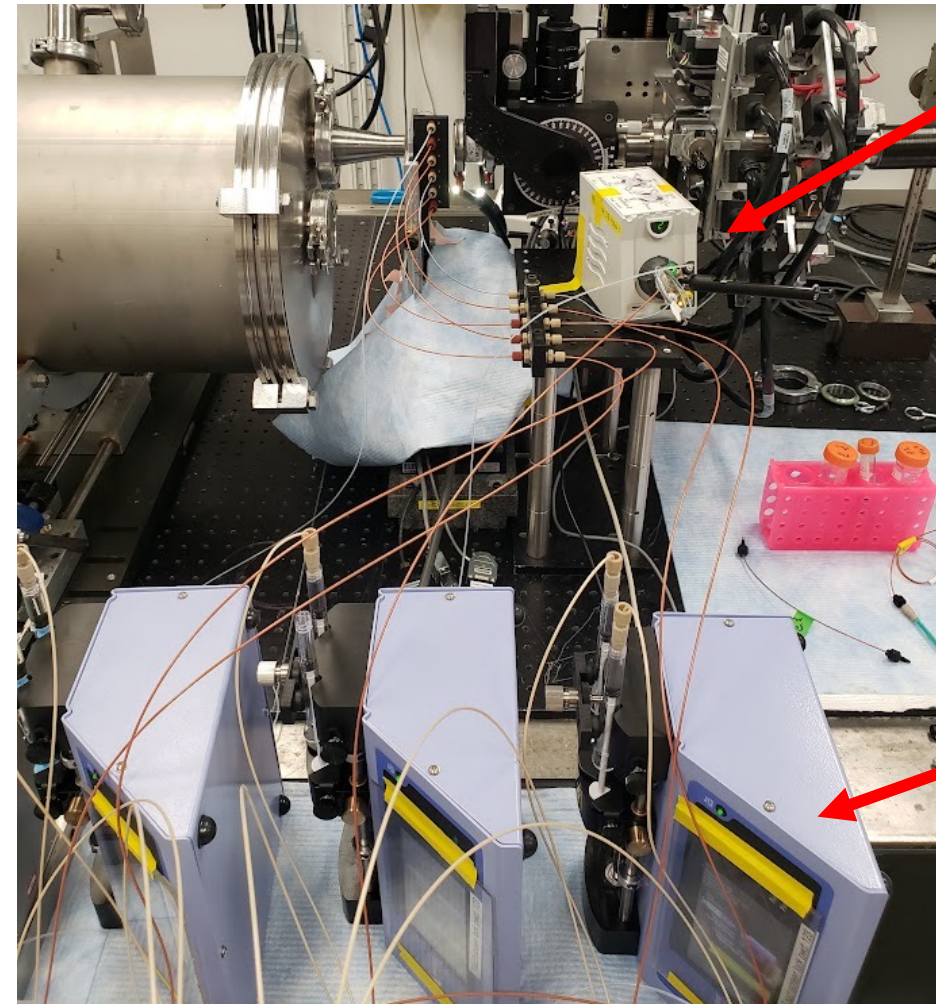
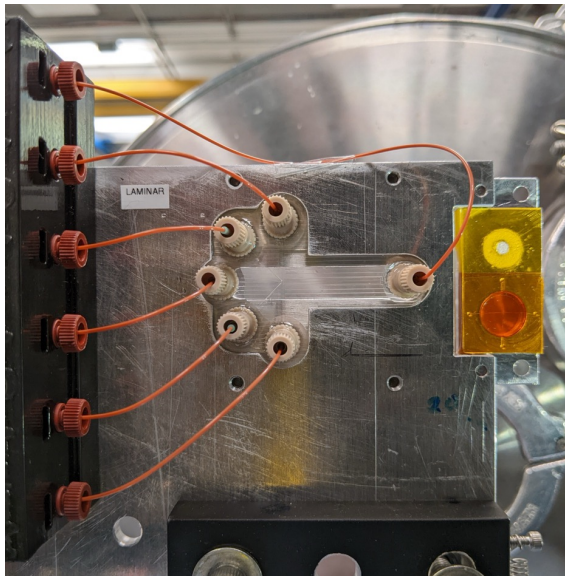
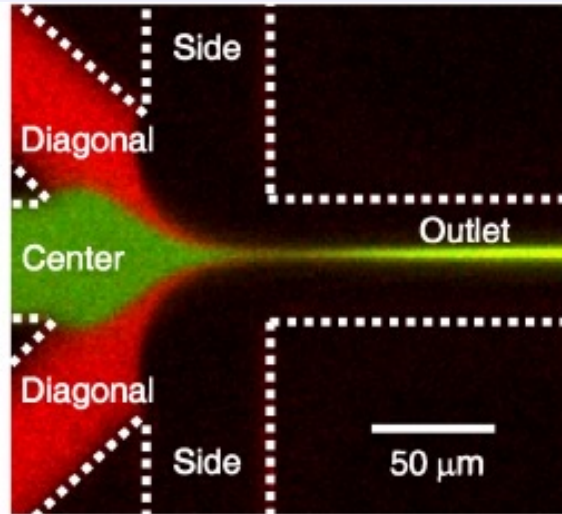
Injection valve

HPLC pumps

Flow meter

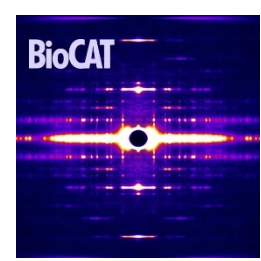


TR-SAXS: laminar mixer



Injection valve

Syringe pumps



“Cheat sheet” of equilibrium capabilities

- Also available on BioCAT website (<https://www.bio.aps.anl.gov/pages/about-saxs.html>)
- Chromatography SAXS
 - Agilent 1260 Infinity II bio-inert pumps and autosampler
 - Various SEC columns
 - Superdex (30, 75 and 200) and Superose 6 10/300 Increase – fractionation range coverage ~0.1 - 5,000 kDa
 - Superdex (75 and 200) and Superose 6 5/150 Increase
 - Superdex 200 3.2/300 Increase
 - Various Silica columns (Wyatt 010S5, 015S5, 030S5, and more)
 - IEX columns: Capto HiRes 5/50, both Q and S resins
- Optional in-line characterization
 - MALS/DLS/dRI
 - Wyatt DAWN HELIOS II (17-angle + DLS)/Optilab tRex, temperature control from 4-40 degrees
 - (In by default) full-spectrum UV-Vis
 - Stellarnet BlackComet spectrometer, microvolume (2 μ L) fiber-coupled cell, OceanInsight D/H light source. Useful range ~210-800 nm
- Full system temperature control from 4-40 degrees C
- AF4-SAXS
 - Agilent 1260 Infinity II autosampler and pump
 - Wyatt Eclipse NEON (with dilution control module)
 - Wyatt short, long and dispersion inlet channels
 - 275, 400 and 525 micron spacers
 - 10 and 30 kDa MWCO membranes, both polyethersulfone and regenerated cellulose
 - In-line Wyatt DAWN HELIOS II (17-angle + DLS) and Optilab tRex for MALS/DLS/dRI
 - Temperature control ambient or higher (to ~40 degrees C)
- Batch SAXS
 - 96- and 384-well plate loading capabilities
 - Volumes down to 10 μ L
 - Temperature control 4-40+ degrees C
 - ~3 mins/sample, 96-well plate in ~5 hours
 - Full-spectrum UV-Vis measurements available